

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 24

Entered at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as second-class matter.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1880.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at \$7 a Year.

NUMBER 176

If men were willing to die for this country, the men of 1880 should not hesitate to vote for it.

No man in the Democratic party has yet been delegated to answer Mr. Conkling's New York speech.

In the light of history, Colonel Ingersoll made a good hit in his Rockford speech when he said that never elected a good President. This should be a warning not to support English.

The only way to put an end to this "sectional strife" business, and break up the "solid" South, is to make the Republican party successful in 1880, and give the country a free ballot and a fair count.

General Grant's Warren speech, which required only four minutes to deliver, is too much for the Democrats to answer in this campaign. He struck the Democratic party between the eyes a good many times in the four minutes.

THE THIRD DISTRICT NOMINATION.

The Republican Assembly convention for the Third district, nominated Mr. James Menzies, of Harmony, for the Assembly. That this is a good choice no one will doubt. If any man represents the practical interests of the people of the Third district, it is Mr. Menzies. He is one of those men who is blessed with a good stock of common sense, who carries about with him in every day life, the confidence and respect of his fellow citizens, and who can be trusted in whatever place he is called to fill. He will make one of the industrious, thoughtful, and earnest members of the Legislature, and will bring to the position such a knowledge of the needs of his district, and of the condition of the affairs of the State, as will enable him to act with discretion and wisdom, and with influence and success. The district contains a number of excellent men for the position for which Mr. Menzies has been nominated, and that he should be selected from the number who were his competitors before the Convention, is flattering to him, and is an honor for which he can not but feel thankful.

INGERSOLL ON GARFIELD.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll delivered a masterly speech at Rockford last Tuesday. He swayed that vast audience of six thousand with seemingly unlimited power. He held their cheers and laughter and tears at his command. In the course of the speech he said: "Some people say to me: 'How can you vote for Garfield when he is a Christian and was a preacher?' I tell them: 'I have two reasons: one is I am not a bigot, and the other is General Garfield is not a bigot. He does not agree with me: I do not agree with him on thousands of things; but on the great luminous principle that every man must give to every other man every right that he claims for himself we do absolutely agree. [Applause.] I would despise myself if I would vote against a man's politics simply because we differed about what is known as religion. I will vote for a liberal Catholic, a liberal Presbyterian, a liberal Methodist, a liberal anything ten thousand times quicker than I would vote for an illiberal free-thinker. [Applause.]"

Colonel Ingersoll then continued: General Garfield in an honest man in every way. He is a poor man; he is rich in honor, in integrity he is wealthy, and in brains he is a millionaire. [Laughter and applause.] I know him, and if the people of Illinois knew him as well as I do he would lose 100 votes in this State. He is a great, good, broad, kind, tender man, and he will do if elected President, what he believes to be right. [Applause.] I like him, too, because he is a certificate of the splendid form of our government. I like him because, under our institutions, he came from abject poverty to occupy the position he now does before the American people. He will make Hope the tailor of every ragged boy. He will make every boy think it possible, no matter how poor he is, no matter how hungry he may be, he will make every one of those boys believe that there is in their horizon some one beckoning them to glory and to honor. [Applause.] That is the reason I like this country, because everybody has a chance. I like it because the poorest man can live hoping his boy may occupy the highest place. That is the reason I like this country. That is one of the reasons I want to see General Garfield elected. He believes in honor, he believes in liberty, he believes in an honest ballot, he believes in collecting the revenues, he believes in good money, he believes in a government of law, he believes that this is absolutely a nation, and not a confederacy, and I believe in him. [Applause.]

This is the opinion of the greatest orator of the day, of one of the purest and ablest statesmen of this generation. As between Garfield and Hancock in ability to fill the office of President, there is no comparison. Garfield is not only a trained statesman, a man of profound learning, of practical wisdom, "an integrity rich," and "a brain a millionaire," but he represents the intellectual and the loyal sentiment of the country—the intelligence and the patriotism that saved it from falling into the hands of the Confederates who are now clamoring for Hancock because they can use him. The issue is not between General Garfield and General Hancock, personally; it is between the intelligence and patriotism of the North, and the ignorance and disloyalty of the South.

SOME PAINFUL FACTS FOR EVERY VOTER TO REMEMBER.

There is nothing so important in this campaign as truth. There is nothing to be made by misrepresentation. Slander and vituperation do not influence men of ordinary sense and judgment. Facts will. Now, in this canvass, what men want to hear are solid facts, something that has the sacredness of truth about it so that it can not be called an electioneering dodge. The Republican campaign is carried on this year on the broadest principle of clarity. There never was a canvass in this country when it was necessary to make use of so many painful facts, as this year. The Republicans are compelled to say a great many things which are disagreeable to the Democrats. They are forced to appeal to the country on the record of the Democratic party, and that record makes an honest man blush with shame. When alone and in the silence, it is enough to make any fair-minded Democrat wish in his heart that the record could be wiped out and no longer disgrace the country and shame and humiliate the party. But the record is as indelible as history itself. It can not be changed, and inasmuch as the Democrats are trying to regain the power they lost twenty years ago, it is not uncharitable nor unjust to give some points of the Democratic record. The exact truth is this: Every man who helped to organize the secession movement in 1860-1, was a Democrat.

Every man who advocated secession was a Democrat.

Every man who "swore that this splendid government was but a Confederacy bound together by ropes of sand, by claims of mist," was a Democrat.

Every man who wanted to tear down the American flag, and put the Confederate flag in its place, was a Democrat, and supports Hancock.

Every man who wanted slavery perpetuated, and the black man degraded and robbed of his hire, was a Democrat.

Every man who shot at the old flag at Sumter and robbed the Northern arsenals of guns and ammunition, was a Democrat.

Every man, in the language of Ingersoll, who wished to make slaves by robbing the cradle, and breed bloodhounds to pursue fugitive slaves, was a Democrat.

Every man who fought to break down the Union and to tear the time-honored flag of liberty to tatters, was a Democrat.

Every man who said the war was a failure, was a Democrat.

Every man who shouted for Jeff Davis and voted for Vallandigham, was a Democrat.

Every man who tried to spread disease in Northern cities, and to burn the homes of the soldiers who were in the front of the battle for the Union, was a Democrat.

Every man who cheered over a rebel victory and frowned when the Union troops gained success, was a Democrat.

Every man responsible for the black and damning tragedies of Andersonville, when Union soldiers were shot and starved, was a Democrat, and is now shouting for Hancock.

Every man who voted against the war to put down rebellion, was a Democrat.

Every man who voted against making this a free land, where all men could be equal, was a Democrat.

Every man who tried to make the chains of human slavery stronger and stronger, was a Democrat.

Every man who mourned over the death of the infernal thing, was a Democrat.

Every man who voted against the government being honest with its creditors, was a Democrat.

Every man who wanted the credit of the United States to sink as low as the character of the Democracy, was a Democrat.

Every man who wanted and voted for a paper currency which would cheat and defraud the holder, was a Democrat.

Every man who said the government should not pay its debts, but should repudiate its debts, and brand itself with dishonesty, was a Democrat.

Every man who didn't want resumption, but wanted to continue the gambling in gold, was a Democrat.

Every man who endorsed the cipher dispatches, and said the Presidency was a thing to be bought with the money owned at Gramercy Park, was a Democrat.

These are some of the acts and doings, the plain and unvarnished record, of the men who are trying to elect General Hancock. The great question is, shall these men, who have done all these things, and thousands more which are just as bad, rule the country, or shall the control of the government be left in the hands of that great party through whose matchless patriotism, and deep love for freedom and Union, the Nation was saved from ruin, and now enjoys a prosperity which amazes the world?

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

MADISON, Sept. 23.—The Republicans of the Twenty-fifth Senatorial District renominated the Hon. George B. Burrows to-day as candidate for the State Senate. Colonel Clark E. Carr, of Illinois, is holding very successful meetings in this State. He spoke to a large meeting yesterday afternoon at Richland Center, and in the evening at Lone Rock. To-night he speaks at Baraboo, and next night at Sparta.

THE OLD GUARD.

They are Awakening New Enthusiasm in the Ohio Campaign.

General Grant Again Hits the Nail on the Head.

In His Brief Speech at the Warren Republican Mass Meeting.

The General Tells the People Why He is a Republican.

The Influence of the Great Meeting Felt in the Ohio Canvass.

The Republicans Enthusiastic at the Flattering Prospects.

The Greenbackers Denounce the Action of the Democrats.

The Good Work Goes Bravely on in Wisconsin.

More About the Horrible Tragedies at Warsaw, Indiana.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

THE WARREN MEETING.

Effect of the Speeches. General Grant Again Hits the Nail on the Head.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 29.—The influence of the great meeting extends even here. The speech of General Grant struck the bull's-eye. Nothing could have been better timed to the peculiar condition of the Ohio canvass than it was, and the effect has been very marked. Republicans are everywhere enthusiastic over it, and even Democrats concede that, under the circumstances, it is the most efficient campaign document originating with Republicans. The speech of Senator Conkling has created almost as much excitement here as it did at Warren, and there is the greatest anxiety to have him stop here to-morrow night. The people say they will not ask him to say a word, but they want to see him and thank him for arousing such a good feeling among the Republicans of the State. The organization of Ohio Republicans was never more thorough. With Conkling, Blaine, and Sherman all in the State this week, the enthusiasm is at the highest pitch. The Democrats have abandoned their still hunt campaign, and have called Blackburn and other Southern Brigadiers into the field. This, it is now apparent, was a great mistake. Hostile men have been quick. "When the Republicans became alarmed at the crisis in the canvass, they called for Grant, Conkling, Logan and Blaine. When the Democrats believed that the Republicans were never more thorough, they called for Blackburn, and other fire-eaters. Blaine's meeting at Youngstown, on Saturday, is believed to be the largest of the campaign. On the same day Sherman is in Mansfield. To-morrow night General Weaver and Gibson, and Marshall Pitkin, all Grant men, are in Columbus. The Ohio Republicans are now more kindly to any faction than toward the "old guard." When Conkling reaches Indiana he will have created a great wave of enthusiasm that will sweep him over that State.

HITTING THE NAIL.

General Grant's Warren Speech—Sold in Reasons Why He is a Republican—Some Severe Blows at the Democracy—A Great Campaign Document.

WARREN, Ohio, Sept. 29.—The following is a full text of General Grant's speech at the great Republican mass meeting:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I hope we may be able to have quiet and order here. It is not important, so far as anything that I have to say is concerned, because I shall not be able to make many of you hear; but after me comes a speaker whom I know you all will be glad to hear, and you can do so by keeping quiet and orderly. Not by shouting and speaking publicly. I have drawn off the few words that I will say in advance of the gentleman who is to follow me. (Taking a roll of manuscript from his pocket, the General read.)

In view of the known character and ability of the speaker who is to address you to-day, and his long public career and associations with the leading statesmen of the country for the past twenty years, it would not be becoming in me to detain you with many remarks of my own. But it may be proper for me to account to you, on the first occasion of my presiding at a political meeting, for my accustomed use of the words that I call the "faith that is in me." I am a Republican, as the two great political parties are now divided, because the Republican party is a national party seeking the greatest good of the greatest number of the citizens. There is not a Democrat in this vasty region who can be counted as cast, no matter what the privilege. This is one reason why I am a Republican, but I am a Republican for many other reasons.

The Republican party assures protection to life, property, public credit, and the payment of the debts of the Government, State, county, or municipality, so far as it can control.

The Democratic party does not promise this.

If it does, it has broken its promise to the extent of hundreds of millions, as many Northern Democrats can testify to their sorrow.

I am a Republican as between existing

parties, because it fosters the production of the field and farm, and of manufactures, and it encourages general education of the poor as well as the rich.

The Democratic party discourages all progress and of liberty toward its opponents. It encourages the poor to strive to better their condition. The ignorant to educate their children to enable them to compete more successfully with their more fortunate associates, and, in time, it secures an entire equality before the law of every citizen, no matter what his race, nationality or previous condition. It tolerates no privileged class of men. Every one has the opportunity to make himself all he is capable of.

Ladies and gentlemen, do you believe this can truly be said in the greater part of fourteen of the States of this Union to-day, which the Democratic party control absolutely?

The Republican party is a party of principles, the same principles prevailing wherever it has a foothold.

The Democratic party is united in but one thing, and that is in getting the government in all its branches. It is for internal improvement at the expense of the government in one section and against it in another. It favors repudiation of solemn obligations in one section and honest payment of its debts in another (where public opinion would not tolerate any other view). It favors fiat money in one place and good money in another. Finally, it favors the "pooling of all issues" not favored by the Republicans, to the end that it may secure the one thing upon which the party is a most harmonious unit, namely, gaining control of the government in all its branches. I have been in some part of every State lately in rebellion within the last year. I was most hospitably received at every place I stopped. My receptions were not by the Union class alone, but by all classes without distinction. I had free talk with many of the men who were against us in the war, and who have been against the Republican party ever since. They were in all instances reasonable men, judged by what they said. I believed them, and I believe in them, and I believe in the sincerity with which they broke up the "Solid South" political condition. They said that it is to the pecuniary interest as well as to their happiness that there should be harmony and confidence between all sections. They want to break away from the slavery which binds them to a party name. They want a pretext that would not make them unite upon to make it respectable. Once started, the solid South will go as Ku-Kluxism did before, as is so admirably told by Judge Tourgee in his "Foot's Error." When the break comes, those who stand by the Union class, and many of their friends have been waiting for some one to take the lead. This desirable solution can only be obtained by the defeat and continued defeat of the Democratic party as now constituted.

DEMOCRACY DENOUNCED.

The Greenbackers Denounce the Action of the Democrats.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 20.—General Weaver and Congressman De La Matry addressed an audience of 1,500 persons in Circle Park to-night, in the course of which they bitterly denounced the Democracy and the methods by which they hope to ride into power. At the conclusion of the meeting General Weaver, in behalf of the Nationalists of Indianapolis, presented Mr. J. K. Speer, editor of the Sun, with an elegant gold-headed cane for the fidelity exhibited in resisting Democratic money, and keeping the paper intact as the organ of the Nationalists. The meeting was very successful one. In the course of the evening General Weaver received a long dispatch from George O. Jones, Chairman of the National State Committee of New York, repudiating the action of his party in Maine, and thanking him for his reply to the impertinent letter of Hughes.

THE BERNHARDT INCIDENT.

It Causes Great Glee to Spectators and Disgust to Patrons.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Mr. Abbey, the lessee of Booth's Theatre, is in the city, having announced that the sale of seats for the twenty-four performances of Sara Bernhardt will begin on Friday morning October 1, at 8 o'clock, well-known speculators of this city are preparing to profit by the occasion by restoring to their usual tactics. This evening a large number of boys and rough characters gathered around the theatre as the representatives of the speculators, where they will remain, unless driven away, until the sale of tickets begins on Friday morning. They are fully equipped for the campaign with over-coats, camp-stools, sacks of bread and meat, and are anxious to prepare to stay. There is a good deal of disgust manifested among the decent people of the city at this proceeding, and the prospect of having to pay a small fortune for the privilege of seeing the great actress. The price of season tickets has been put at \$50, and more than ten will be sold to a single character. The earliest applicants will have the choice of seats. Under this state of things the people will be at the mercy of a lot of conscienceless wretches unless the police authorities appear and disperse the mob which has collected.

Season tickets will begin on Monday, November 8th, during which time at least different plays will be produced. The sale of seats for single performance will begin on Monday, October 4. The boxes will be sold at auction in the auditorium of the theatre Friday afternoon.

THE WARSAW TRAGEDIES.

More About the Horrible Tragedies at Warsaw, Indiana.

WARSAW, Sept. 29.—The excitement of yesterday's tragedies, the killing of Miss Annie Chaplin by G. L. Smith, and the suicide of the latter, is still fresh. The coroner held an inquest to-day, the jury rendering a verdict according to the facts. The singular manner of Smith's mother when she viewed the scene is the subject of grave criticism. When she saw the horrible sight she sprang like a crazy person, and was about to jump upon the body of the dead girl, when she was caught and overpowered by several bystanders. Smith, it is credibly supposed, tried to persuade Annie from appearing against him, but

at her refusal, committed the double crime. Smith bit his wife and children farewell just before the tragedy. His remains go to Elkhart to-night for burial.

CLARK E. CARR.

BARABOO, Sept. 20.—Colonel Clark E. Carr, of Illinois, addressed the Garfield Club this evening. The Court-House was densely crowded. It was the most enthusiastic turn-out of the season. Old Stark county will contribute 2,000 of the coming 25,000 majority that Wisconsin will present to General Garfield. Keep the ball moving.

CHICAGO GOSSIP.

Special Correspondence of the Gazette. CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Our streets are absolutely too narrow, to take care of the immense business now being transacted. The great thoroughfares are overcrowded from early morn until dark, and all kinds of business is behind. When a bridge opens to let a vessel or two pass, (and this occurs every few minutes almost) the street fills up at once with heavily laden trucks, street cars, &c., often extending half a mile each way. What to do is a mystery. If our streets were twice the width, so that two teams could pass abreast each way, in connection with the street cars on the regular trips, business might then progress somewhat satisfactorily for a time, and every inch of space would be required, but as it is, Chicago is in a quagmire. Goods cannot be got to the depot in time. Orders are wanted to go to the country merchants, north, south, east and west are out of all patience. Our merchants cannot help it, and every business man is tired and worn out, not receiving the needed rest.

About twenty of our prominent business men, met together in one of the hotels last Thursday, to consider a question broached some time ago, by one of their number, viz: "Would it not be better for the county at large, to have all laws amended, which tend to the collection of debts by process?" The question was earnestly talked over in all its bearings, and the conclusion arrived at, was that fifteen voted for, and five against. The arguments adduced by the majority, were that if no law was in existence, compelling debts to be paid, very little if any credit would be given, and the responsibility would all rest with the creditor, whether he should give trust or not, and that a purely cash basis would of necessity be established, and business be transacted on a sound and satisfactory footing; likewise that economy would be the leading moral virtue and combined with honesty as a necessity, the country would be more prosperous as time progressed, and a better feeling would prevail in business circles all over. On the other hand, the minority of five, said that business would virtually stop to a certain extent, and it would not be long before they would be all the reasons they had. It was finally decided to agitate this matter more fully, and eventually petition the Legislature for "an act amendatory," amending all laws for the collection of debt in this State through process of law.

The drought this season for brick has outstripped anything since the great fire. The total number made this year will be 164,000,000. Last year the number manufactured was 100,200,000. The price is \$7 and \$7.50 for small lots, but contracts for large quantities can be made at \$6.75, and the impression seems to be that next year and spring \$8 and \$10 will be the ruling price. The brickmakers acknowledge that they have made "a good thing of it," this summer, but will not concede the fact that a fair profit can be realized at \$6 per thousand, and that bread and butter can be secured even now at \$5.50. The great loss of deaths from small-pox, have induced our health department to compel vaccination in certain districts. All persons who call at the office will be vaccinated without cost, if they wish it.

Diphtheria and scarlet fever are again on the increase. Three cases of the former and seven of the latter are now the daily average. Ten per cent of both diseases prove fatal.

Marriages average twenty-eight per day. Divorces over thirty weekly, and the death rate is about one to every hour.

A drove of very fine steers were sold last Wednesday at \$5.85 per hundred. They averaged 1,912 pounds each. Good hogs are now advancing in price, and a corner on pork is early anticipated.

L. MOUTAT.

Bon. Brast, Horseheads, Chemung Co., N. Y., writes: "I have been a victim to Dyspepsia, in the worst shape it could attack an Englishman. I would sit down to enjoy a meal, of something I like, after taking a few mouthfuls, I would be overcome with a fullness of the stomach and have to stop. I constantly had the heartburn and headache, also a Dizziness per quart. This day embraces 100 of Spring Blossom, it cured me. I can eat a square meal and enjoy it, I never felt better in my life."

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Get Pure, Fresh Milk!

FROM THE CHAMPION DAIRY

This Dairy is situated inside the city limits, within one mile of the Post Office, and the milk is delivered over smooth roads, thirty minutes from the cows, morning and evening, at FIVE CENTS per quart. This Dairy embraces 100 head of the best cows in the State. Those wanting pure milk, please address CHAMPION DAIRY through the Post Office, or call at the wagon.

FOR SALE.

At Gazette Counting Room, A Beckford Knitting Machine

Which will be sold at a bargain

Something Entirely New For Janesville.

To Positively Prevent Mistakes. To treat every Man and Boy alike. To Facilitate Sales. In fact, to successfully manage A First Class, One Price, Square Dealing Clothing House.

We have marked each and every article IN PLAIN FIGURES, and from this date there will be no deviation under any circumstance. We have received our entire Fall and Winter Stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING!

Cloths, Hats and Furnishing Goods, and they are now ready for inspection and sale at the One Price, Square Dealing Clothing House of

M. C. SMITH & SON.

DENNISTON!

49 WEST MILWAUKEE ST.

NEW 1880 Hats, at DENNISTON'S.

SCARBORO Beach, Chas Chowder, at DENNISTON'S.

NEW Pine Apple Cakes, at DENNISTON'S.

BOSTON Fish Chowder, at DENNISTON'S.

PREPARED Milk Chocolate, at DENNISTON'S.

BROOK Trout especially, at DENNISTON'S.

FRESH Mackerel in Salade Dressing, at DENNISTON'S.

SARDINES in Mustard Sauce, at DENNISTON'S.

ONE Case Boundless Lunch Herring, at DENNISTON'S.

FRESH Celery daily, at DENNISTON'S.

RICHARDSON & ROBBINS' Grated Pine Apple, at DENNISTON'S.

SUGAR Cured Dried Beef, at DENNISTON'S.

CANNED Shrimps, Salmon, Haddock, &c., at DENNISTON'S.

CHOICE New Preserves, at DENNISTON'S.

CALIFORNIA Peas & Grapes, at DENNISTON'S.

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Bargains, Bargains.

BOOTS, SHOES!

GLOVES & MITTENS.

NEW GOODS!

AND NEW STORE!

At the Old Stand. We have the Largest and Best variety of Gents', Ladies' Misses and Children's.

Fine Boots & Shoes

In the city, and as we buy in Large Quantities and thereby get the wholesale discount, it enables us to sell the best quality of Boots and Shoes

Lower than any Other House

In Southern Wisconsin. Also a Full Line of Gloves and Mittens that we sell at prices which defy competition.

PLEASE CALL!

And examine Goods and Prices, and oblige Yours Respectfully, A. RICHARDSON.

Don't forget the place—next to Farmers' Mills, 19 West Milwaukee St. sept16td

R. W. KING'S

BOOK STORE

AND

NEWS Depot!

SCHOOL,

BLANK & POCKET

BOOKS!

VIOLIN STRINGS,

BRIDGES,

HARMONICAS!

Papers, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Slates, &c., &c., at Bottom Prices.

Next Door to Post Office

A NEW CARD!

L. R. TREAT

Begs leave to announce to the people of all nations and climes that, having bought Mr. Evan Thomas' stock of Boots & Shoes, with the good will thereto belonging, he will continue the business at the old stand, keeping the best assorted line of Men's, Women's and Children's goods to be found in the State. New Fall goods bought for cash at bottom figures, by eastern buyer, are now constantly arriving, and will be offered at prices that will defy competition, and astonish the natives.

Believing that next to bread, there is nothing like leather, I shall deal in the genuine article, and shall keep no Shoddy Goods just because others do. Show that you are alive to your own interests by calling and investigating and then judge for yourself. 33 West Milwaukee St., opposite Corn Exchange Square. sept16td

New and Large Lot

FLOWER

POTS!

Hanging Baskets!

Shells, Urns,

WINDOW BOXES!

See, Plain and Decorated, just opened at

Wheelock's Crockery Store.

ANOTHER

Lot of 10 Cent Hanging Baskets.

A few more Quart and Half-Gallon Mason Fruit Jars and Jelly Tumblers, and an unprecedented stock of Crockery, Glass, Plated Ware, and General House-Furnishing Goods. Stock of New Lamps is immense. oct16td

Please Read This!

Insurance,

Real Estate Head-Quarters.

ESTABLISHED IN 1858.

Represent sound old companies only. Risks written at best rates and losses promptly adjusted and paid. Houses and Lots for sale. Farming Lands in the city for sale. Good bargains. Houses and Lots for rent, and Money to loan on good real estate security at low rates of interest.

DIMOCK & HAYNER

AGENTS. SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK. JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN. aug29td

NOTICES FOR THIS COLUMN WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE. FIRST INSERTION, AND SIX CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION. DAILY AND WEEKLY TWENTY CENTS FIRST, AND TWELVE CENTS EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION.

KEEP IN MIND that October 1st is a good time to have subscriptions to the Daily Gazette commence. It contains all the latest news of the Campaign; it is replete with original local and county news, and miscellaneous reading, and at the reduced price is far the cheapest Daily in Wisconsin. One dollar seventy-five cents will pay for it left at your house or place of business, for three months.

GRAND OPENING.—McKee & Bro. will open their new store on the West side on Saturday morning, October 2. They are now, and have been during the past ten days, busily engaged in opening, marking, and classifying the largest stock of absolutely new goods ever opened in Janesville. Having engaged additional help for the purpose of expediting the work of opening and marking goods, they are now in a position to announce that on next Saturday morning the doors of their new and beautiful establishment will be thrown open to the public.

Butcher, the invincible antelope, will be at G. W. Wheeler's store in Smith & Jackson's block, for three nights only, commencing Wednesday, September 29, to close out the balance of a pawnbroker's stock, consisting of gold and silver watches, jewelry, &c., &c.

PROPOSALS for repairing the tower of St. Patrick's Catholic church will be taken, from next Thursday, October 1st, till Saturday. For information in regard to what work will be required, call at Stearns & Baker's, or upon Father McGinnity, at the parsonage. Pay guaranteed in bank, as soon as work will be finished, and accepted.

COMMITTEE OF ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

FOR SALE.—At the Gazette counting room a velocipede scroll saw, price very low.

FOR SALE.—One set of Howe's celebrated sliding pulley, platform scales, just received from the manufacturers, can be seen at the Gazette counting room.

We have a beautiful iron chair for lawn or cemetery lots. Will sell cheap, at the Gazette counting room.

FOR SALE.—A new Mosler, Bahmann & Co. safe, weighing eleven hundred pounds, can be seen at the Gazette counting room.

FOR SALE.—One of the celebrated Improved Howe sewing machines, new and in perfect running order, price low, at the Gazette counting room.

LOCAL MATTER.

Indies and Goods Stationery.
For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Sutherland's Bookstore.

Over 15000 Howe Scales sold. Borden, Sellick & Co., Agents, Chicago, Ill.

Go to A. J. Roberts for Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes. For brightness and durability of color are unequalled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds. Price, 15 cents.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay.

Coughs.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are used with advantage to alleviate Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Bronchial Affections. For thirty years these Troches have been in use, with constantly increasing favor. They are not new and untried, but having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age.

The Troches—"Brown's Bronchial Troches"—act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone when relaxed, either from cold or over-exertion of the voice, and produce a clear and distinct enunciation. *Speakers and Singers* find the Troches useful.

A COUGH, COLD, CATARRH or Sore Throat requires immediate attention, as neglect attracts serious results in such incurable Lung Disease. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" will cure the inveterate give relief. Initiations are offered for sale, many of which are infirmities. The genuine "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are sold only in boxes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. C. YEOMANS,

Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Janesville, Wis.

DEALER IN
Wind-Mill, Garden and Set, Lawn Force Pumps, Fire, Fittings, Fire, Points, Deep, and Shallow Well Cylinders.

Gas and Steam Fitting Goods!

Globe and other Valves, Engine Tripping, Rubber Hose, Sheet Rubber, Lead Pipe, Packing, &c.

Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fitting a Specialty.

Deep and Shallow Well Repairing, Estimates given and Contracts Taken on Work at a Distance. All work Personally Attended to.

FOR SALE!

Mr. Geo. Horn, the jeweler, No. 47 Main St., having decided to leave Janesville, will sell at auction, during the next two weeks, all of his household goods, jewelry, watches, clocks, show cases and safe.

Sept. 15, 1880.

To Justices of the Peace

BLANKS for Justices of the Peace, for use in new and improved forms.

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

BRIEFLETS.

—The Guard's dance to-night.

—There was a slight skimming of ice last night.

—September leaves at 12 o'clock to-night.

—The Liberator on the new Beloit read were paid off to-day. Now look out for him.

—The work of rebuilding the sidewalk of Milwaukee street bridge is resumed to-day.

—The fortieth annual convention of the Congregational churches of the State opens at Milwaukee to-day.

—At the Guards dance to-night, in Cannon's hall, the Jackson street entrance will be the only one opened.

—Beloit is reorganizing its reading club, which proposes to take up American history during the coming winter months.

—The knitting factory is getting all things in readiness, and hope to be in full running order in a few days, until which time the public are expected to wait before inspecting the scene.

—Joseph Churchill was yesterday afternoon tried for selling liquor without license, was found guilty and fined \$30 and costs, which he paid in preference to spending sixty days in jail.

—The State Baptist convention opens in this city next Tuesday evening and will continue until Friday evening.

—The opening sermon Tuesday evening is to be by Rev. W. G. Inman, of Fox Lake.

—A boy named Curry had his hand caught in the elevator at the cotton factory last evening. An ugly wound resulted, there being a bad cut into the palm of the hand between the third and fourth fingers.

—James O'Brien, who was injured by being thrown from his buggy, was getting along well until night before last, when he was taken worse, and is now suffering greatly, inflammation having apparently set in.

—Dan Sullivan is no longer a government contractor, having resigned his position, and the government having appointed to his place J. F. Antseld, who will tomorrow enter upon the fulfillment of the contract for carrying the mail between the depot and the postoffice.

—To-night the Janesville Guard have their inspection and dance. The occasion will be one of special interest and enjoyment, and the fact that the proceeds are to be used for helping defray the expenses of the proposed trip to Atlanta should cause the entertainment to be liberally patronized.

—Burchard visited Beloit again Tuesday night. The residence of M. D. Clark was entered, but the thief accidentally aroused some of the family who chased him out. He took with him, however, an overcoat, a pocket book containing valuable papers, and \$10 in cash, the property of Rev. Mr. Robinson, guest of the family.

—The agent of the G. & E. I. R. R., will be in the city next week, arranging for the Guards excursion to Atlanta, and all those who intend to become honorary members of the Guards, and take the trip, should hand in their names and \$5 each to Colonel Britton at once, that arrangements may be made for their accommodation.

—The Fogarty murder trial is to commence at Elkhorn next Monday. District Attorney Sale will prosecute and Attorney Hyzer and Doe will defend.

Mrs. Fogarty is reported as in good health, and her baby boy, now about four months old, is described as a blue-eyed bounding boy, good natured, and healthy, and having in his face a little of his mother's looks.

—At an early hour this morning a strange sight was presented in the hallway of Pease's block on Main street. A woman lay asleep in front of one door, and a few feet further, in front of another door, lay a man in a drunken stupor.

The two had crept up there to get out of the cold and sleep off a debauch, and forgot to wake in time to get out of the way of those who came down to business at an early hour.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night stood at 51 degrees above; at 1 o'clock A. M. today at 39 degrees above; at 7 o'clock A. M. at 36 degrees above and at 1 o'clock P. M. at 60 degrees above. Partly cloudy.

The indications to-day are, for the upper lake region, partly cloudy weather, and slowly rising temperature, westerly to southerly winds, and during the day falling barometer.

Best Accommodations for least money, Astor House, New York.

A COZY MUSICAL.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. C. T. Barnes, and Miss Butler, of Chicago, who have been in the northern part of the State joining in some concert work at Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, and other cities, stopped here on their return homeward, and an informal musicale was given in Prof. Titcomb's rooms, which was most heartily enjoyed by a few musically inclined friends who gathered there. Dr. Barnes and Miss Butler favored the company with several songs, and Mrs. Mosely and Mrs. Conrad added their voices in portions of the entertainment. Miss Butler is one of Chicago's leading sopranos, and she fully sustained her reputation by her singing at this little musicale. Her voice shows fine culture, a good compass, and is under perfect control. She charmed all. The other singers are so well known here that it is needless to say more than that they did themselves credit, so that the occasion was one of the happiest little musical treats which has been served in this city for a long time.

SMITH & LIGHTNER, OF CHICAGO, ILL., buy and sell grain and provisions for future delivery on commission. Margin required, five cents per bushel on wheat; three cents on corn and oats. References—City banks and prominent business houses of Chicago. Their book of statistics, and other information mailed on application.

RAILROAD TROUBLE.

There seems to be some trouble brewing about the building of the railroad around the bluffs at Monterey. The railroad folk have been seeking to widen the highway which runs alongside the track, but the owners of property adjacent to it have driven the workmen off, claiming that the shovellers were encroaching upon their private lands. The railroads therefore quit the work of widening the highway, rather than incur any liability for trespass, and are conferring with the city authorities as to what is to be done about the matter. Some think the railroad encroaches upon the highway, and that therefore the company should widen out the highway enough to make up for this, even if it is necessary to condemn the land needed for that purpose, as provided for by law. Others think the railroad company does not encroach upon the highway, but as a matter of convenience and safety, the highway should be widened and that the city ought to order it. Some of the city officials hesitate about issuing any order concerning the position and extent of the highway, for at the best it is a dangerous place, and should accidents occur the city might be in part liable. There are a good many questions involved in the matter, and all the "ifs" are being talked over with the hope of reaching some just and satisfactory conclusion.

Mrs. Jacob Willison, Marion, O., says her child was not expected to live, owing to a severe attack of Croup. She tried Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which gave immediate relief.

Mr. C. Glendennen, Marion, Ohio, used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for Bunions. He says at first he thought it was like the rest of advertised humbugs, but was agreeably disappointed and now would not be without some in the house any more.

For sale by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

PERSONAL.

—Quartermaster Tattershall, of Beloit, arrived this afternoon to attend the Guards inspection and dance to-night.

—Mrs. J. A. Leland has gone to Chicago to spend a week with her son there, and visiting relatives and friends in Evanston.

—Rev. Dr. Huntley arrived this afternoon from Plattville, where the West Wisconsin Methodist conference has just been in session.

—Attorneys Smith and Winans returned, this afternoon, from Jefferson. Attorneys Fethers and Bennett remained here this afternoon from Fond du Lac. They report last night's dance of the Fond du Lac Guards as highly enjoyable, and are loud in their praise of the treatment they received.

BAD WHISKY.

A man named Mahan now lies in jail, quite sick. He and a comrade named Norton came to Janesville from Chicago, on a freight, and stopped over here to take another train for the pines, where they expect to work this winter. They were found drunk, lying in a stupor, and were jailed. They both say they only took two or three drinks, and that they must have been drugged, but however this may be Mahan is in a bad condition, having spasms quite frequently, turning black in the face, and frothing at the mouth. Yesterday afternoon he thought he was able to go to the Police Court and receive his sentence, but as Marshal Hagan accompanied him onto the street, the man fell down on the sidewalk in a horrible fit. His comrade is also badly used up, but is able to stir about some. The men claim that they each had six or seven dollars when they reached Janesville, and think they have been robbed of it, but as one whole day is as a mere dream to them, it is difficult to get at the truth. They can remember nothing from the time they arrived here until they awoke in jail this morning.

Oh let me from the festive board, to thee my mother flee

And be my secret sorrow shared, by thee, and only thee

No blame, no blame, my mother dear, do I impute to you;

But since I ate that currant tart, I don't know what to do.

"Best take Spring Blossom."

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

THE MACK CASE.

Yesterday the pleas in the Mack case were finished, and this morning the Judge charged the jury. Among the little incidents of the day was one which is thus given by the Chicago Times:

While Mr. Winans was making his plea, a lady in the gallery sent an elegant bouquet to Mrs. Mack, by Deputy Sheriff Patterson. To it was attached a note, "From one who believes you innocent."

At recess of the court, Mr. Cannon took the bouquet and attempted to deliver it. The Judge said: "These flowers must not be put upon the table. Mr. Cannon replied that he only wanted to offer them. The court said: "You must not put them upon the table, I say?" Mr. Patterson, junior counsel for the defense, said: "Do you object to counsel having flowers on the table?" His honor replied: "These flowers came in such a way that they must not be made a display of." Mr. Fethers said that during trials elsewhere he had seen the counsel tables loaded with flowers. The Judge replied that during this trial the table would not be loaded with flowers.

The result of the jury's deliberations is not yet known.

There is a report current in Jefferson this afternoon that the jury stand two to two in favor of acquittal, but of course it is only a report.

Longway After Longfellow.

Lives of great men all remind us

Disease to stop whilst there is time,

Rheumatism and Neuralgia curing,

Electric Oil—it is sublime.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

FULTON.

—Now that our farmers have their tobacco safely housed, they give their attention to thrashing, and sowing winter wheat, the acreage of which will not be as large as last year.

—There seems to be an unusual demand for sheep and cattle. Last Tuesday we visited Mr. Bennett's farm in Porter, and saw 600 line sheep for sale, also a lot of lambs, and over 60 head of cattle. Who says there's no cattle left?

Many of our farmers have gone to other counties for sheep this fall.

—Whooping cough is on the programme for the children this fall and winter.

—The Fulton temperance people have just pushed the liquor dealers out in the cold, so that they will have to go to work or leave town.

—Last week, Mr. Kennedy's boy, living at Leyden, broke an arm, and went with his father to see Dr. Fox, when near his father the horse became frightened and threw the little fellow out, crushing his skull so badly the Doctor pronounces his recovery doubtful.

—Mr. John Kramer is erecting a fine residence in the village and will become a permanent blacksmith here.

—Tobacco growers met last week and made plans regarding the sale of the leaf. Each member, or person desiring to become one) is to bring a small quantity of tobacco, in hands, the second Tuesday in November, from which three samples will make a choice, the samples to be sent to market in the leading cities of the Union. There are many objects to be gained by thus advertising our leaf. We propose that manufacturers shall see what Wisconsin "trash" is in 1880, and perhaps they would as soon buy it here under that name, as to purchase the same in New York, as Connecticut, or Pennsylvania leaf. Tobacco growers should attend this meeting, and as the curing of the leaf will be discussed, gain information as well as aid the reputation of our goods among manufacturers.

—Time out of health can have implicit confidence in Dr. V. Clarence Price, and feel certain when consulting him, that he is a thoroughly educated physician, with years of experience in the treatment of Chronic diseases exclusively.

Dr. Price will be for consultation on his next visit at the Myers House, on Saturday the 9th of October.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.

Reported for the Gazette by Bump & Gray, Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, September 29.

FLOUR—New Process \$1.50 per sack; Wisconsin \$1.25 per sack.

WHEAT—Winter, 70¢ to 75¢; Good to best milling 75¢ to 80¢; shipping grades 70¢ to 75¢.

WHEAT—White, 70¢ to 75¢; Red, 75¢ to 80¢; per ton.

MEAL—course, 50¢ per 100; bolted 50¢ per sack.

FEED—50¢ to 55¢ per 100 lbs.

MIDDINGS—50¢ to 55¢ per 100 lbs.

BARLEY—Ranges at 45¢ to 50¢; 50¢ to 55¢ per 100 lbs.

OATS—white, 35¢ to 40¢; mixed 25¢ to 30¢.

TIMOTHY SEED—in demand at \$1.75 to \$2.00 per 100 pounds.

CLOVER SEED—in demand at \$1.00 to \$1.50 per bushel.

POTATOES—in demand at 50¢ to 60¢.

BUTTER—in demand at 15¢ to 20¢.

EGGS—fresh, 10¢ to 15¢ per dozen.

HIDE—3 Green, 95¢; calf 90¢; Dry, 125¢ to 140¢.

WOOL—in demand at 35¢ to 40¢ for fair to choice clips; 15¢ off for unmerchantable.

SHEEP—Fleets—Range at 25¢ to 30¢ each.

LEVE STOCK—Cattle \$2.00 to \$4.00 per 100 lbs.

DOE \$1.00 to \$1.50 per 100 lbs.

POLTRY—Turkeys 90¢ to 1.00; Chickens 65¢ to 70¢.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, September 29.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring wheat cash, 80¢ to 81¢; No. 3 79¢ to 80¢.

CORN—No. 2 cash, 47¢ to 48¢.

PORK—Cash new, \$15.25.

LARD—Cash \$7.50.

WHEAT—No. 1 1892-3 according to grade.

BUTTER—20¢ to 25¢; 25¢ to 30¢, according to quality.

EGGS—fresh, 10¢ to 15¢.

HAY—Timothy, No. 1, \$11.00 to \$11.50; No. 2, \$10.00 to \$10.50.

HOES—12¢ to 15¢.

HONEY—Good to new choice comb in boxes at 15¢ to 20¢.

SEEDS—Clover at \$1.50 to \$2.00; Timothy \$2.00 to \$2.50; Flax \$1.00.

TARLOW—No. 1, 15¢ to 16¢.

WHISKY—\$1.10.

WOOL—Tub-washed bright, 40¢ to 45¢; 2¢ to 3¢ unwashed, 25¢ to 30¢; coarse 20¢ to 25¢.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, September 29.

FLOUR—Quiet but firm.

WHEAT—Firm; opened and advanced 5¢, and closed strong; No. 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.06; No. 1 Milwaukee soft \$1.05; No. 2 do \$1.04; No. 3 do \$1.03; No. 4 do \$1.02; No. 5 do \$1.01; No. 6 do \$1.00; No. 7 do \$0.99; No. 8 do \$0.98; No. 9 do \$0.97; No. 10 do \$0.96; No. 11 do \$0.95; No. 12 do \$0.94; No. 13 do \$0.93; No. 14 do \$0.92; No. 15 do \$0.91; No. 16 do \$0.90; No. 17 do \$0.89; No. 18 do \$0.88; No. 19 do \$0.87; No. 20 do \$0.86; No. 21 do \$0.85; No. 22 do \$0.84; No. 23 do \$0.83; No. 24 do \$0.82; No. 25 do \$0.81; No. 26 do \$0.80; No. 27 do \$0.79; No. 28 do \$0.78; No. 29 do \$0.77; No. 30 do \$0.76; No. 31 do \$0.75; No. 32 do \$0.74; No. 33 do \$0.73; No. 34 do \$0.72; No. 35 do \$0.71; No. 36 do \$0.70; No. 37 do \$0.69; No. 38 do \$0.68; No. 39 do \$0.67; No. 40 do \$0.66; No. 41 do \$0.65; No. 42 do \$0.64; No. 43 do \$0.63; No. 44 do \$0.62; No. 45 do \$0.61; No. 46 do \$0.60; No. 47 do \$0.59; No. 48 do \$0.58; No. 49 do \$0.57; No. 50 do \$0.56; No. 51 do \$0.55; No. 52 do \$0.54; No. 53 do \$0.53; No. 54 do \$0.52; No. 55 do \$0.51; No. 56 do \$0.50; No. 57 do \$0.49; No. 58 do \$0.48; No. 59 do \$0.47; No. 60 do \$0.46; No. 61 do \$0.45; No. 62 do \$0.44; No. 63 do \$0.43; No. 64 do \$0.42; No. 65 do \$0.41; No. 66 do \$0.40; No. 67 do \$0.39; No. 68 do \$0.38; No. 69 do \$0.37; No. 70 do \$0.36; No. 71 do \$0.35; No. 72 do \$0.34; No. 73 do \$0.33; No. 74 do \$0.32; No. 75 do \$0.31; No. 76 do \$0.30; No. 77 do \$0.29; No. 78 do \$0.28; No. 79 do \$0.27; No. 80 do \$0.26; No. 81 do \$0.25; No. 82 do \$0.24; No. 83 do \$0.23; No. 84 do \$0.22; No. 85 do \$0.21; No. 86 do \$0.20; No. 87 do \$0.19; No. 88 do \$0.18; No. 89 do \$0.17; No. 90 do \$0.16; No. 91 do \$0.15; No. 92 do \$0.14; No. 93 do \$0.13; No. 94 do \$0.12; No. 95 do \$0.11; No. 96 do \$0.10; No. 97 do \$0.09; No. 98 do \$0.08; No. 99 do \$0.07; No. 100 do \$0.06; No. 101 do \$0.05; No. 102 do \$0.04; No. 103 do \$0.03; No. 104 do \$0.02; No. 105 do \$0.01; No. 106 do \$0.00; No. 107 do \$0.00; No. 108 do \$0.00; No. 109 do \$0.00; No. 110 do \$0.00; No. 111 do \$0.00; No. 112 do \$0.00; No. 113 do \$0.00; No. 114 do \$0.00; No. 115 do \$0.00; No. 116 do \$0.00; No. 117 do \$0.00; No. 118 do \$0.00; No. 119 do \$0.00; No. 120 do \$0.00; No. 121 do \$0.00; No. 122 do \$0.00; No. 123 do \$0.00; No. 124 do \$0.00; No. 125 do \$0.00; No. 126 do \$0.00; No. 127 do \$0.00; No. 128 do \$0.00; No. 129 do \$0.00; No. 130 do \$0.00; No. 131 do \$0.00; No. 132 do \$0.00; No. 133 do \$0.00; No. 134 do \$0.00; No. 135 do \$0.0